REGEIVED CENTRAL FAX CENTER

APR 0 9 2007

Applicant: Patrice Flaherty Application No: 10/630,402 Filing Date: 07/30/2003 Attorney Docket No: 1066

REMARKS

Claims 1-32 are pending herein.

Claims 12-23 are withdrawn from consideration.

Claims 1-11 and 24-32 are rejected.

Claims 1, 7 and 24 are currently amended.

Claim Objections

Claim 32 was objected to because the positive recitation of "a port tubing bifurcation" is structurally unclear. Appropriate correction was required.

It is respectfully submitted that claim 32 recites, "The device of claim 1 further comprising a tubing bifurcation [reference numeral 5 in Fig. 1 of the drawings] having a syringe leg [5a] and a collector tubing leg [5b] communicating with said main tubing segment [2] and wherein said syringe port [10] communicates with said syringe leg [5a] and said indicator unit 18] communicates with said collector tubing leg [5b]".

It is respectfully submitted that claim 32 as presently worded does not recite "a port tubing bifurcation". It is further respectfully submitted that claim 32 is structurally clear based on a consideration of Fig. 1 of applicant's drawings and applicant's specification. Reconsideration and removal of the objection to claim 32 is therefore respectfully solicited.

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Claim rejections under 35 U.S.C. 102

Claims 7-11 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Strittmatter (U.S. Pat. No. 5,396,899).

It is respectfully submitted that Strittmatter fails to disclose a device comprising "a main tubing segment...an indicator unit and a syringe port disposea" in fluid communication with said main tubing segment...", as set forth in amended claim 7 and defined by claims 8-11 as dependent therefrom.

In contrast, in the Strittmatter device, a seal (15) provides fluid separation between the spinal puncture needle (11) and the hub seat (24). As indicated in col. 3, lines 8-12, the purpose of the seal (15) is to "prevent fluid flow through the stylet port". During use of the Strittmatter device, a solid stylet (16) remains inserted through the seal (15), as shown in Fig. 2, to prevent fluid flow through the stylet port (col. 5, lines 58-61) and confine the fluid flow path to the flexible tube (21) and sample container (30). Therefore, the hub seat (24) is not "disposed in fluid communication with" the spinal puncture needle (11).

It is further respectfully submitted that Strittmatter fails to disclose a device comprising "a main tubing segment... a clamp operably engaging said main tubing segment for selectively blocking said main tubing segment...", as set forth in amended claim 7 and defined by claims 8-11 as dependent therefrom.

A close review of Strittmatter fails to disclose a clamp which "operably

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engages" the spinal puncture needle (11) to selectively block and unblock the main tubing segment. In contrast, as shown in Fig. 2 of Strittmatter, a valve (20) is provided inside the tubing segment (21) to facilitate selective flow of fluid from the tubing segment (21) to either a filter (22) or a connector (19) which leads to a sample container (25).

It is further respectfully submitted that Strittmatter fails to disclose a device comprising "a main tubing segment...an indicator unit and a syringe port disposed in fluid communication with said main tubing segment...said indicator unit and said syringe port defining branched bidirectional fluid flow pathways...", as ser forth in amended claim 7 and defined by claims 8-11 as dependent therefrom.

As was set forth herein above, the seal (15) in the junction member (12) of the Strittmatter device blocks fluid communication between the spinal puncture needle (11) and the hub seat (24) even when the solid stylus (16) remains inserted through the seal (15) during use of the device, as shown in Fig. 2 of Strittmatter Therefore, as further shown in Fig. 2 of Strittmatter, the unbranched fluid flow path is confined to the spinal puncture needle (11), the junction member (12), the tubing segment (21) and the sample container (25). Accordingly, the hub seat (24) does not define a fluid flow pathway. Furthermore, the membrane (34) in the Strittmatter device is adapted for unidirectional, rather than bidirectional, flow of fluid as indicated by the arrows in Fig. 2 of Strittmatter.

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It is further respectfully submitted that Strittmatter fails to disclose a device

comprising "a main tubing segment...an indicator unit and a syringe port disposed

in fluid communication with said main tubing segment... said indicator unit and

said syringe port defining branched bidirectional fluid flow pathways...at least one

air-permeable and liquid-impermeable membrane provided in said indicator uni:

and allowing bidirectional fluid movement between said indicator unit and said

syringe port", as set forth in claim 7 and defined by claims 8-11 as dependent

therefrom.

In contrast, as shown in Fig. 7 of Strittmatter, the membrane (34) in the

sample container (30) of the Strittmatter device facilitates one-way flow of air from

the sample container (30) through the opening (33). Furthremore, the hub seat (34)

does not define a fluid flow pathway due to the presence of the seal (15) in the

junction member (12), as was set forth herein above.

Therefore, it is respectfully submitted that Strittmatter fails to anticipate

claim 7, and claims 8-11 as dependent therefrom, under 35 U.S.C. 102(b).

Reconsideration and allowance of claims 7-11 is respectfully solicited.

Claim rejections under 35 U.S.C. 103

Claims 1-6 and 24-32 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being

unpatentable over Strittmatter in view of Prager (U.S. Pat. No. 4,257,416).

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It is respectfully submitted that Strittmatter in view of Prager fails to render

claims 1-6 and 24-32 obvious under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), as set forth herein below.

Strittmater in view of Prager fails to teach invention of claims 1-6

It is respectfully submitted that Strittmatter in view of Prager fails to teach

or suggest a device comprising "a main tubing segment...an indicator unit and a

syringe port disposed in fluid communication with said main tubing segment...", as

set forth in amended claim 1 and defined by claims 2-6 as dependent therefrom.

In contrast, as shown in Fig. 2, Strittmatter teaches placement of a seal (15)

between the spinal puncture needle (11) and the hub seat (24) of the Strittmatter

device to "prevent fluid flow through the stylet port of the device". Strittmatter

further teaches insertion of a solid stylet (16) through the seal (15) during use of the

Strittmatter device, as further shown in Fig. 2, to "prevent fluid flow through the

stylet port" (col. 3, lines 11 and 12) and confine the fluid flow path to the spinal

puncture needle (11), the junction member (12), the flexible tube (21) and the

sample container (30) of the device during use.

It is respectfully submitted that Prager would fail to provide any teaching,

suggestion or motivation to a person of ordinary skill in the art to modify the

Strittmatter device in such a manner that the hub seat (24) is disposed in fluid

communication with the spinal puncture needle (11) of the Strittmatter device.

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Such a modification would cause undesired leakage of cerebrospinal fluid from the

hub seat (24) rather than confining the fluid flow pathway of cerebrospinal fluid to

the tubing segment (21) and sample container (30).

Therefore, it is respectfully submitted that Strittmatter in view of Prage:

fails to render claims 1-6 obvious under 35 U.S.C. 103(a). Reconsideration and

allowance of claims 1-6 is therefore respectfully solicited.

Strittmater in view of Prager fails to teach invention of claims 24-32

It is respectfully submitted that Strittmatter in view of Prager fails to teach

or suggest a device comprising "a main tubing segment...an indicator unit and a

port disposed in fluid communication with said main tubing segment...", as se:

forth in claim 24 and defined by claims 25-32 as dependent therefrom, for the same

reasons as were set forth herein above with respect to the rejection of claims 1-6.

It is further respectfully submitted that Strittmatter in view of Prager fails to

teach or suggest a device comprising "a main tubing segment...an indicator unit

and a port disposed in fluid communication with said main tubing segment...said

indicator unit and said port defining branched fluid flow pathways...", as set forth

in amended claim 24 and defined by claims 25-32 as dependent therefrom.

In contrast, Strittmatter teaches placement of a seal (15) in the junction

member (12) of the Strittmatter device to block fluid communication between the

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spinal puncture needle (11) and the hub seat (24) even when a solid stylus (16)

remains inserted through the seal (15) during use of the device, as shown in Fig. 2 of

Strittmatter. The purpose of the seal (15) is to confine the fluid flow path to the

spinal puncture needle (11), the junction member (12), the tubing segment (21) and

the sample container (25) of the device.

It is respectfully submitted that Prager would fail to provide any teaching,

suggestion or motivation to a person of ordinary skill in the art to modify the

Strittmatter device in such a manner that the hub seat (24) and the sample container

(25) define "branched fluid flow pathways" of the Strittmatter device. Such a

modification would cause undesired leakage of cerebrospinal fluid from the hub

seat (24) rather than confining the fluid flow pathway of cerebrospinal fluid to the

tubing segment (21) and sample container (30).

Furthermore, it is respectfully submitted that Strittmatter in view of Prager

fails to teach or suggest a device comprising "a main tubing segment... a clamp

operably engaging said main tubing segment and adapted to crimp and selectively

block and unblock said main tubing segment...", as set forth in amended claim 24

and defined by claims 25-32 as dependent from amended claim 24.

In contrast, Strittmatter teaches a three-way valve (20) which operably

engages a tubing segment (21) of the Strittmatter device to facilitate selective flow

of fluid from the tubing segment (21) to either a filter (22) or a connector (19) which

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leads to a sample container (25). The three-way valve (20) is provided inside the

tubing segment (21) and is rotated therein to selectively establish fluid.

communication between the spinal puncture needle (11) and a selected one of the

filter (22) and the sample container (30).

It is respectfully submitted that Prager would fail to provide any teaching

suggestion or motivation to a person of ordinary skill in the art to modify the

Strittmatter device in such a manner that a clamp is provided on the spinal puncture

needle (11) and is adapted to "crimp" the spinal puncture needle (11) in order to

"selectively block and unblock" the spinal puncture needle (11).

It is further respectfully submitted that Strittmatter in view of Prager fails to

teach or suggest a device comprising "a main tubing segment...an indicator unit

and a port disposed in fluid communication with said main tubing segment...saia'

indicator unit and said port defining branched fluid flow pathways...wherein said

at least one air-permeable membrane allows bidirectional fluid movement between

and through said indicator unit and said syringe port", as set forth in amended

claim 24 and defined by claims 25-32 as dependent therefrom.

In contrast, as shown in Fig. 7 of Strittmatter, the membrane (34) in the

sample container (30) of the Strittmatter device facilitates one-way flow of air from

the sample container (30) through the opening (33). Strittmatter fails to teach or

suggest operation of the Strittmatter device in such a manner that the membrane (34)

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facilitates "bidirectional fluid movement between and through" the sample

container (30) and the hub seat (24). As was set forth herein above, the hub seat (34)

does not define a fluid flow pathway due to the presence of the seal (15) in the

junction member (12).

It is respectfully submitted that Prager would fail to provide any teaching.

suggestion or motivation to a person of ordinary skill in the art to modify the

Strittmatter device in such a manner that the membrane (34) of the Strittmatter

device facilitates "bidirectional fluid movement between and through" the sample

container (30) and the hub seat (24) of the device.

Therefore, it is respectfully submitted that Strittmatter in view of Prager

fails to render claims 24-32 obvious under 35 U.S.C. 103(a). Reconsideration and

allowance of claims 24-32 is therefore respectfully solicited.

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Conclusion

Every effort has been made to amend applicant's claims in order to define the invention in the scope to which it is entitled. Accordingly, reconsideration and allowance of claims 1-11 and 24-32 is respectfully solicited.

Respectfully submitted,

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